Chapter – Native Americans, Section – Northeast Virginia Fitzgerald

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| Headings/Questions | Paragraph Main Ideas and Details | Additions / Corrections |
| The environment of the region and how the people used it | * Climate   + Cold winters – deep snow   + Hot summers * Vegetation   + Deciduous and coniferous trees     - Used for tools – ex. Houses, canoes, containers, etc.     - Used for food – nuts and fruits * Game animals hunted by Natives   + Bear, wolf, fox, moose, deer   + Numerous smaller game   + Birds * Lakes and Ocean Shores   + Fish and Shellfish in uncountable numbers * Wild food gathered seasonally   + Rice, maple sap, berries, nuts, onions, yellow waterlilly roots * Farming   + Maize, beans, squash   + In some areas - tobacco | Deciduous – leaves fall, Coniferous – pine trees, evergreen |
| Subsistence Lifestyle | * Three basic subsistence patterns   + Hunter-gatherers   + Mixed hunter-gatherer and farming   + Just farming * Farming   + 50% farmed corn   + Women did most farm labor   + Men helped prepare fields   + Planting method – plant a mixed crop of corn beans and squash together     - Beans climb stalk     - Pumpkin/squash along ground prevent weeds, holds in moisture, and are left to rot to fertilize * Hunting – gathering   + Gathering – women and children   + Hunting – men     - Primary game – deer     - Technique - Some groups use dogs to hunt   + Fishing – coastal areas     - Eel, fish, shellfish     - Seal - hunted sunning on rocks near shore     - In boats - spear and net fish | Subsistence – a live-style that produces enough just for oneself and one’s family, not enough to sell (opp. Commercial) |
| Settlements | * Size varied   + Small – 1 or 2 houses   + Large – towns covering several acres * Dwellings   + Wigwams     - Oval, circular, pyramidal     - Framed w/ saplings     - Covered in overlapping strips of bark, woven mats or skins     - Easy to construct and take down     - Adapt to all weather   + Longhouses     - Built by Iroquois * Hunter-gatherer groups –   + Come together in winter in one base-camp   + Live in extended families * Common building – built only by some groups   + For ritual   + or council meetings |  |
| Political Organization | * Amount of structure varies   + Highly structured – Iroquois     - Alliance formed by 5 (later 6) nations       * Called “The Iroquois Confederacy”       * Lasted 100s of years       * Played a major role in European conflicts         + French and Indian War and Revolutionary War   + Simpler forms – semi-nomadic     - Nuclear families in bands     - headed by leader chosen by community * Councils – in some groups   + Headed by chiefs |  |
| Social Organization | * Varied widely * Clans – formed by many of hunter-gathers   + A group whom claim to descend from one common ancestor     - female,     - male, or     - both   + Each had an animal totem * Leadership   + hereditary in many groups   + Some groups have two     - one religious and one political | Totem – an animal or object associated with certain spiritual qualities that the clan adopts (like being a Raven claw or Griffindor in Harry Potter) |
| Religious Practices | * Two practices commonly associated with NE * Guardian spirits (totems)   + Provide supernatural help   + In dreams or vision quests (induced trances) * Shamans – medicine men   + Cure by addressing spiritual sickness |  |