Fitzgerald - Cause of the Civil War Name\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Regional Difference - The North and the South have taken completely different paths.

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| **The North** | | | | | | | | | |
| Very Diverse Economy  (Farming,Manufacturing,  Shipping,Banking) | Industrializing  Growing number of Factories | Free Workers | | Urbanization  Growing Number of Cities  People moving to Cities | Immigrants settle in North | More Densely Populated | Growing Middle Class | | Transportation links farms of West to cities of North |
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| Agricultural -  One main crop - cotton | | | Slave Labor | | Small Population - as rural | | | No Middle Class  Planter Class controls all political and social power.  Poor, white subsistence farmers have little to no power. | |
| **The South** | | | | | | | | | |

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Balance of Power between the North and the South in the National Government - Houser, Senate, Election of President

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| **Balance of Power in Senate**  ***North controls the House*** of Representative due to greater population.  South struggles to maintain ***balance of free and slave states in the Senate***, so it has some say in laws. | **Missouri Compromise 1820**  Missouri submits state constitution as slave state, but Congress blocks.  Only admit ***Missouri as slave***, if also admit ***Maine as free***. Does not let South get majority on Senate.  Also draws a ***line*** ***36\*30'*** marking the northern border where cotton can be grown***; north of line no slave states can be formed***. | **Texas Revolution**  Americans settle in Mexican state and within two years rebel and separate it from Mexico.  Ask to join Union as slave state.  Congress, controlled by the North, refuses to annex Texas.  Must stay an independent nation - the Republic of Texas. |
| **Election of Lincoln 1860**  Four Candidates - (Democrats split - weakens party)  Republican - Lincoln   * says nation will either be all free or all slave   Northern Democrat - Douglas   * says popular sovereignty should just decide which states free or slave   Constitutional Union Party - Bell   * Southern party formed just to say South should stay in Union   Southern Democrat - Breckenridge   * says slavery must be allowed, slaves are property protected by the Constitution   Lincoln's name is not even on Southern ballots.  Lincoln wins, without one Southern vote.  **South has no control** over who is elected ***President***, in the ***House*** - more pop. in North, in the ***Senate*** - more free states  South Secedes. |  | **The Annexation of Texas**  **The War with Mexico**  Polk elected president saying he will fight to get all of Oregon from Britain, but he quickly splits Oregon with Britain and instead annexes Texas and starts a war with Mexico.  He is a slaveholder and is accused of seeking more land for new slave states. |
| **Bloodshed in Senate**  Massachusetts senator accuses senator from South Carolina of encouraging violence in Kansas.  Representative from South Carolina, cousin of the accused South Carolina senator, enters Senate.  Beats Massachusetts senator 30 times over the head with a metal knobbed cane as he sits trapped in an armed chair pulled up to a table.  He miraculously survives but is disabled for life.  Southerners send Representatives new canes engraved with "Hit Him Again!!" | **Kansas-Nebraska Act - Popular Sovereignty**  Congress passes law stating all new states formed from territories can chose by popular vote of citizens whether free or slave. Congress can have no impact.  **Bleeding Kansas**  Slave state supporters and free state supporters flood into Kansas to swing votes to their sides. p  People from Missouri illegally vote to win as a slave state, but free state supports immediately start a second free government.  Slave state supporters burn new "free capital." John Brown and his sons murder 5 slave supporters in retaliation.  ***Bloody War between slave and free forces begins and will last over a decade*** | **Compromise of 1850**  California quickly gets enough people to become a state and asks to free state, making free states control Senate.  South says it will secede if it loses all power in Congress.  Compromise - Give South string fugitive slave law and promise all other states in land from Mexico can decide on own if free or slave.  Give North an end to slave auctions in Washington, D.C. and control of Senate with California as free state. |

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Slavery versus Abolition

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| **Northwest Ordinance**  New nation immediately after declaring independence conveys message -  it ***does not want slavery in any new states***. | **Free Soil Party 1848**  A political party forms whose only purpose is to ***fight the formation of new slave states***. | **Compromise of 1850**  North - demands ***end of slave auctions in capital*** - Washington, D.C.  South - demands *a strong law forcing Northern states to assist in recapturing runaway slaves* |
| **Election of 1860**  Lincoln beats 3 other candidates  Though his name does not even appear on Southern ballots.  Lincoln's message -   * The U. S. will be **all free or all slave**, * **but it will remain a Union**. |  | **Fugitive Slave Law versus Uncle Tom's Cabin**  **Fugitive Slave Law 1851**  ***Northerners who do not assist*** in capture of black people accused of being runaway slaves ***fined and even jailed.***  ***Black people accused*** get no real trial and have ***little chance*** of proving they are not the runaway sought.  ***Uncle Tom's Cabin* written**  Harriet Beecher Stowe is so upset by the law she write a novel to ***show Northerners the horror of slavery.***  *Uncle Tom's Cabin* was a ***runaway best-seller***, selling 10,000 copies in the United States in its first week; 300,000 in the first year; and in Great Britain, 1.5 million copies in one year. |
| **John Brown's Raid on Harper's Ferry**  John Brown leads a raid on a federal arsenal to steal weapon from the government to arm a slave rebellion.  He and some of his men are captured, some killed. He is found guilty of treason and sentenced to be hanged.  At the exact time of his hanging, ***bells all over North toll***. He is considered a ***martyr***, a man who has ***died for a great religious cause***. |
| **Lincoln Douglas Debates**  Lincoln runs for Senator of Illinois as a Republican  Douglas, his Democratic opponent, just keeps pushing popular sovereignty.  Lincoln says Dred Scott says a state cannot block slaves from entering any state.  Lincoln says ***the U.S. must be all free***  ***or all slave.*** | **Supreme Court Decision - Slaves are Property**  A slave, Dred Scott, sues for his freedom saying he became free when his master, an army doctor, took him to live for a time in a free state.  Supreme Court says   * Dred Scott is not free, he cannot even bring a lawsuit, as he is not a citizen, he is property, * ***The Constitution protects slave owners' right to property.*** * ***Slave owners can take their slaves anywhere in Union.*** | **Republican Party Forms**  Party dedicating to uniting all who oppose slavery - abolitionists, free soilers, etc.   * ***Win 105 of 245 seats in the House*** within months * ***Control all but 2 Northern state legislature*** * ***Win 11 of 16 northern states in presidential election of 1856*** |